

SUICIDE IDENTIFIED AS ADELINE SHILLING

Ill and Despondent, Woman
Takes Poison.

DIED ON OPERATING TABLE

Had Previously Purchased a Revolver.
Lived at Rosslyn,
Virginia.

The young woman found suffering from carbolic acid poisoning in front of 1731 I Street northwest shortly before 11 o'clock last night, and who died several hours later at the Emergency Hospital, has been identified as Mrs. Adeline Shilling of Rosslyn, Va.

The identification was brought about through an investigation of the police. She was recognized as the same woman who recently purchased a revolver at a D Street store for the declared purpose of killing herself.

Despondent and ill. The motive for the act is believed to have been despondency caused by ill health. When taken into custody by local detectives recently she said her strength had been failing, and at that time gave as a reason for her desire to die the fact that she was despondent. There is every indication that this is the cause of her suicide.

Mrs. Shilling was discovered in front of the I Street residence shortly after 10 o'clock last night. She was only partly conscious and could furnish no explanation of herself. Within a short distance of where she lay an empty bottle of carbolic acid was found, indicating that she was suffering from the poison. An ambulance was summoned and she was quickly conveyed to the Emergency Hospital. On the way there she admitted to Dr. Perkins that she had swallowed the drug. She died on the operating table.

Bought Poison at Drug Store.

The young woman evidently left her home about 8 o'clock in the evening. About an hour later she called at Bruce's drug store, at 2929 M Street northwest, and there purchased the poison. She gave her right name and address to the clerk, and said that she wished the acid for cleaning purposes.

When the woman was first found a call was sent to Dr. G. L. Magruder, at the Farragut apartment house, but he was unable to respond on account of the illness of a son, whose condition necessitated constant attention. Moreover, he was not informed of the nature of the case until half an hour later, when a second telephone message was sent, stating that a woman had tried to kill herself. He then informed another physician of his predicament, and thus had the case taken off his hands.

The suicide's husband is Martin Shilling, engineer in the brewery at Rosslyn. He was informed of his wife's act this morning, and came to Washington to take charge of the body.

FORT MYER TROOPERS TO EXHIBIT IN DETROIT

One of the Attractions at Spanish
War Veterans' Reunion.

Within a day or two a composite troop of cavalry, made up of men from the four troops of the Second Cavalry, stationed at Fort Myer, will leave that post to go to Detroit. A reunion of the Spanish War Veterans of America, is to be held in Detroit, beginning next Wednesday, and ending Saturday.

The cavalrymen, under the command of Captain Brett, gave an exhibition drill, and performed those feats of horsemanship which only United States cavalrymen can perform, at Madison Square Garden, New York city, about two months ago, and they were the wonder and the admiration of every one of the thousands of persons who saw them. The Spanish War Veterans, wishing to have a special feature to their reunion, requested the War Department to allow the crack troop to participate in their reunion.

Captain Brett has drilled his men recently in the riding hall and on the open lawn, and they are now more expert than ever and perform their hair-raising feats with more ease than before. The troop will give two exhibitions while in Detroit.

DAISH LOSES HIS CASE AGAINST THE RAILROADS

Interstate Commerce Commission
Decides the Hay Case.

S. S. Daish & Sons, the Washington hay dealers, have lost their case against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and the Cleveland, Akron, and Columbus Railroad, which has been pending before the Interstate Commerce Commission for several months.

The commission today decided that the allegation of discrimination was not proved.

The complainants alleged that the defendants deliberately delayed a car load of hay between Condit, Ohio, and Washington so long that the firm lost \$1,150.20. The car was sixty-five days in reaching the National Capital.

The commission based its conclusions on the fact that the coal strike was in progress, and that the railroad had warned shippers that there would be delay.

POSTMASTER GENERAL RETURNS TO HIS DESK

Is Extremely Reticent About Pending Investigations.

Postmaster General Payne was at his desk this morning apparently much improved by his vacation in the Catskills. He said that he felt better and was ready to transact business with his old-time energy.

Mr. Payne declared that there was nothing new in the investigations, but said that he was unable to say when they will be completed. He expressed it by saying that "the work will not be over till the job is completed." Asked whether or not there might be any startling developments in the next few days, Mr. Payne refused to commit himself, saying that he was not in "the prophetic business."

The Postmaster General denied the report that he expected to meet Postmaster Van Cott, of New York, in New York, and talk over the affairs of that office with him. He went away for a vacation, and while he would have been glad to see Mr. Van Cott, did not particularly desire to see him in the course of a few days of rest.

Mr. Payne said that no report had yet been made to him about the General Manufacturing Company, of Franklin, Pa., which furnishes the carbon sheets for the registry division, and which has been under investigation for some days.

All the officials around the department are keeping unusually quiet about the investigations, but the inspectors are plugging away as hard as ever, and there is no telling when the probing will come to an end. There is a rumor that some divisions which have hitherto not been mentioned in connection with the scandals are now under examination, but the officials would not admit or deny that there was any truth in the statement.

TWO WITNESSES HEARD IN POSTOFFICE CASES

Grand Jury Continues Examination
Without Let-Up.

The grand jury was in session today and two witnesses were examined in connection with the Postoffice cases. The names of the witnesses or to what particular phase of the investigation their testimony related could not be learned.

There does not appear to be any let-up in the investigation and prosecution, so far as the District Attorney's office is concerned. It is believed that a number of subpoenas duces tecum will be issued late this afternoon or tomorrow, for witnesses who will be called before the grand jury the early part of next week.

When the grand jury adjourns today it may be until Tuesday next. A number of witnesses have been summoned to appear before the jury on that date and testify in connection with the Postoffice investigation.

WALDEMERE HOTEL BURNED.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., July 9.—The Waldemere Hotel, at Lakewood, was destroyed by fire this morning. It was owned by the Kent House Company and the loss will be about \$10,000. The Waldemere was the oldest hotel on Chautauque Lake.

AUDITORSHIP IS NOT FOR M'KENZIE; PETTY MAY RESIGN

(Continued from First Page.)

Regarding the transfer of Mr. Petty and Mr. McKenzie stated that "such transfer would go into effect" and was intended to mean when the two officers had completed detail work connected with the duties of their respective departments.

Mr. McKenzie, when advised by a Times reporter of the action of the Commissioners, was apparently pleased, declaring that he did not want the position of Auditor, had never wanted it, and was much better off as a member of the Board of Personal Tax Appraisers.

The Commissioners are now in a quandary. It took them several days to make up their minds regarding the disposition of Mr. Petty. Then it took a few more days to get Mr. Petty to agree to the change and then obtain Mr. McKenzie's acquiescence.

Now the entire deal is off, Mr. McKenzie will continue as an appraiser, and unless some one can be found who will trade places with Mr. Petty, the venerable Auditor will be asked to resign from the District government, in which he has been employed for the past thirty-two years.

In regard to the matter, Commissioner Macfarland said this morning: "I never knew that Mr. McKenzie was connected with any corporation contracting with the District of Columbia until Commissioner Biddle informed the Commissioners of the fact last week."

"The Commissioners determined then that no contract should be made with any corporation having a District official among its officers or stockholders. Also that Mr. McKenzie should be notified that if he remained in the employ of the District and did not retire from the Washington Asphalt Block and Tile Company it would not be given a contract for next year."

"As that company was the only bidder and the bid was satisfactory and reasonable, and as Mr. McKenzie, having accepted the Auditorship, promised to leave the company at an early day, I saw no objection to accepting the bid, with the understanding that the contract must not be signed until after Mr. McKenzie was out of the company, if he remained in the service of the District of Columbia."

Late yesterday afternoon Com-

NEW PLAN SUGGESTED TO PREVENT THEFTS

Check System for Officials Who Handle Money.
District May Adopt Form.

The District Commissioners are in receipt of a letter from Thomas W. Gilmer, an accountant in the office of the Comptroller of the Treasury, enclosing a blank form devised as a check upon collectors and money handlers. Mr. Gilmer suggests that were this form used by the several offices of the District government, defalcations such as young Watson is charged with cannot hereafter occur. The Commissioners have acknowledged receipt of the letter, and will give it early consideration.

"If the District books are properly kept," says Mr. Gilmer in his letter to the Commissioners, "and compared by disinterested persons at frequent intervals, it would perhaps not be necessary to use the inclosed form for ordinary taxes. This form, or some similar 'countersigned' form should be used for licenses, assessments, deposits, 'whole cost funds' and miscellaneous receipts."

The proposed form is here given:

No. 28.	Stub (to be filed with account).	No. 28.	Receipt for Money Collected by District of Columbia.
	Washington, D. C.		Washington, D. C.
\$.....	RECEIVED OF.....the sum of.....dollars and.....cents on account of.....	\$.....	RECEIVED OF.....the sum of.....dollars and.....cents on account of.....
(To be signed by District official receiving the money.)	Official title.....	(To be signed by District official receiving the money.)	Official title.....

The portion of the blank (stub) below this line to be filled out entirely in the handwriting of the person who pays the money to District official.

I certify that I have this day paid the above amount, \$....., to.....Payor.

Postoffice address of Payor.....

Mr. Gilmer adds: "The numbered and countersigned stub should invariably be filed out with the account for receipts and disbursements. Every officer handling money should render such an account monthly or quarterly. Spoiled and unused blanks should be accounted for. The use of any other form of receipt should be forbidden."

IMPORTANT RULING AS TO PAY OF MILITIA

In connection with the preparations at the War Department for the participation of portions of the organized militia of the various States and Territories in the several encampments, maneuvers, and field instruction of regular army troops at the army posts of the country, a ruling has been made by the Acting Comptroller of the Treasury on the subject of the proper pay and allowance to such State troops.

The Acting Comptroller holds that in computing the pay of officers and enlisted men of the organized militia for the period passed by them in the camps, no account can be taken of any previous service either in the regular army or volunteer forces of the United States.

One of the points raised in a communication from the Secretary of War was as to whether members of the militia could lawfully claim increased pay in cases where they had served continuously in the regular army for over five years and sought the benefits allowed in regular service under the name of "re-enlistment pay."

"The Acting Comptroller holds that such service does not give any extra claim outside of the regular army. The inquiry by the War Department was made at this time to forestall a great number of small claims for additional emoluments."

Joseph Lee, vice president of the Massachusetts Civic League, was introduced as the first speaker, his topic being "Kindergarten Principles in Social Work."

George S. Pettie, principal of University School, Cleveland, Ohio, read a paper on "Tendencies as to the Enlargement of the Secondary Educational Field," and at the manual training session, Elizabeth E. Langtry, of the University of Chicago, read a paper on "Some Reasons Why Elementary Schools Should Include Manual Training in their Courses of Instruction."

He asked for a little time to dispose of his stock, saying that a "forced sale would mean a pecuniary loss to him, and that he did not believe it would be right to make a merely nominal transfer. I appreciated this honest view of the matter."

"The matter rested there until yesterday afternoon, when there came to my desk for approval the acceptance of the bids of the asphalt company. I declined to act upon them, directing my secretary to tell Dr. Tindall to see me about them, and remarking that as Mr. McKenzie was soon to get out of the company, I would approve the papers when his name did not appear upon them. Dr. Tindall came to me this afternoon to see why I had not acted, and I told him my reason. It then occurred to me that I would investigate further and see the extent to which the District purchased asphalt blocks, etc. This led to my sending for the vouchers and the discovery that \$55,000 worth had been approved by Mr. McKenzie."

Manipulation Not Suggested.

"The checks which paid these vouchers are in the Treasury, so that I do not yet know whether Mr. McKenzie, as Acting Auditor, signed the checks with which his own company was paid."

"An examination of the vouchers," concluded Mr. West, "shows that R. D. Simms, the superintendent of property, certified to the receipt of the material for which payment was made. I do not believe that a single cent was wrongfully paid. The asphalt company has always, so far as I can learn, furnished first-class material, which has been accepted by the inspectors, and, although it apparently enjoys a monopoly of furnishing the blocks, the prices are said to be reasonable."

"The bids were duly accepted by the Commissioners upon the recommendation of the board which tabulates all proposals, and the contracts were properly signed. I have no doubt that I approved the contract last year, for as soon as I went into office a great number of contracts which had remained unexecuted during the interregnum were given me to sign, and I signed them without question. The only question at issue is whether District officials ought to have financial interest in District contracts, and I do not believe there is any doubt now as to where the Commissioners stand on that question."

Objection to Connection.

"I told him I was not satisfied, and that, whether he became Auditor or whether he continued as a personal tax assessor, I would not approve a contract with a company with which he, as a District official, was connected, and that I felt sure the Commissioners would join me in that action. He assured me that he had not, while acting as Auditor, ever participated in the payment of money to his company, and agreed to resign his position as secretary."

Mr. McKenzie was out of the company, if he remained in the service of the District of Columbia."

Late yesterday afternoon Com-

MANUAL TRAINING AND KINDERGARTEN WORK

BOSTON, July 9.—Four business meetings, nine department sessions, one session of the national council, one general session, numerous excursions and sight-seeing trips and receptions galore comprised today's program of the National Educational Association, which will officially close its deliberations tomorrow.

It was expected that Booker T. Washington would read a paper on "The Kindergarten and the Negro," but at the last moment it was announced that he was unable to be present. The kindergarten section held its meeting in Mechanics' Hall.

Joseph Lee, vice president of the Massachusetts Civic League, was introduced as the first speaker, his topic being "Kindergarten Principles in Social Work."

George S. Pettie, principal of University School, Cleveland, Ohio, read a paper on "Tendencies as to the Enlargement of the Secondary Educational Field," and at the manual training session, Elizabeth E. Langtry, of the University of Chicago, read a paper on "Some Reasons Why Elementary Schools Should Include Manual Training in their Courses of Instruction."

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DAYTON HAS A BILL FOR STAFF FOR NAVY

Provides for Three Vice Admirals,
With Salary of \$10,000 Each.

Representative Dayton of West Virginia, who is an aspirant to the chairmanship of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, has tentatively prepared a bill providing for the organization of a general staff in the navy, which he will introduce at the next session.

Representative Dayton's measure is a sort of compromise between the plan of the general board and the objections raised by the opponents of the general staff scheme.

Mr. Dayton's bill will provide for the appointment of three vice admirals, to command the Atlantic, Pacific, and Asiatic squadrons, who shall compose the basis of the general staff. These three officers are to be selected by the President from men in active service holding ranks above that of commander.

They are to serve a term of four years as vice admirals at an annual salary of \$10,000. At the end of the four years' service as vice admirals each is to be returned to the rank which he would hold at that time in the ordinary course of promotion. The rank of vice admiral therefore is to be temporary.

Mr. Dayton thinks the adoption of his scheme will be satisfactory to all concerned and will materially increase the efficiency of the navy. In discussing the subject he said:

"Such appointments for naval officers will tend to advance the standard of efficiency, as an unusual honor will be held out constantly to all officers from the rank of commander up. The selections of vice admirals are to be made purely upon merit, the active service records of officers being the basis for their choice. The result would be that officers generally would strive hard for appointment. They would be furnished with an incentive to work harder and sea service applications would be encouraged, as one of the requisites for selection would be a good record upon water. I hope to push my proposition through during the first regular session of Congress."

PAYMASTER HICKS DETACHED.

Paymaster T. H. Hicks has been detached from the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts of the Navy Department, to take effect on July 10, and ordered to the Illinois on August 1.

RUSH KEEPS UP ON ALL OCEAN LINERS

Senator W. A. Clark of Montana
a Passenger.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Although the present week marks the close of the rush on the outgoing transatlantic liners, today's bookings on the vessels that depart are large. Bound for Liverpool, the White Star liner Teutonic sailed yesterday.

Today's steamships are the North German Lloyd steamship Grosser Kurfuerst, for Bremen, via Plymouth and Cherbourg; the Moltke, of the Hamburg-American Line, for Hamburg, via the same way ports, and the French liner Touraine, which sails on her first eastward voyage since her rebuilding.

Senator William A. Clark of Montana was a passenger on the Teutonic. Before sailing he said that he was taking his customary annual vacation of six weeks abroad. A short stay in England, then Paris, and a greater portion of the time at the resorts on the Continent, is his itinerary.

"I expect to have a pleasant time, and if opportunity presents itself I may purchase some works of art," said Senator Clark.

CRAZED OPERATOR FLAGS FLYING TRAINS

His Explanation Is, "I Wanted to See
Who You Had on Board."

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—John Ott, night telegraph operator at Felton station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, a short distance from Chester, was seized at midnight with a strange mania for stopping Royal Blue Line flyers. He flagged one east and one west, and when the trainmen asked what was wanted he replied: "Nothing; I simply wanted to see who you had on board."

It became necessary for one of the railroad policemen to go from Philadelphia to Felton, take Ott out of the office and place the day man in charge. Ott came from California a short time ago and has a penchant for wearing a belt stuffed with cartridges.

PE-RU-NA WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND, IS THE So Say Thousands of Thankful Women all Over the United States.



Thousands of Women
Owe Their Health and
Usefulness to Peruna.

Our Testimonials are
Genuine and in the
Exact Words of the
Writer.

Miss Katherine Dauter, 239 Thirteenth
Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"I am glad to recommend Peruna, as it has done so much for me. I had been a great sufferer from catarrhal colds until I was urged to try Peruna, and I am happy to say it has entirely cured me. I shall never be without it, and most cheerfully recommend it to others who are afflicted as I have been."

Mrs. Jennie Rose, 362 West Twenty-second Street, New York city, writes:

"The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio."

A Beautiful Society Lady of Buffalo, N. Y., Uses Pe-ru-na.

Miss Ruth Emerson, 72 Sycamore Street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"I suffered for two years with irregular and painful menstruation, and Peruna cured me within six weeks. I cannot tell you how grateful I feel. Any agency which brings health and strength to the afflicted is always a welcome friend, and today the market is so filled with useless and injurious medicines that it is a pleasure to know of so reliable a remedy as you place before the public."—Miss Ruth Emerson.

"My brother was cured of Bright's disease from the use of Peruna, and so I determined to try it for my trouble."

"Imagine my great joy when I found that it relieved me quite a bit the first month, and I was entirely without pain during that period after having used Peruna only four months."

"This is about two years ago, and all during that time I have suffered no pain I can now come and go as I like, and consider Peruna woman's best friend, and wish that every suffering woman might know that she can find relief through the use of this medicine."—Mrs. Jennie Rose.

It is no longer a question as to whether Peruna can be relied on to cure all such cases. During the many years in which Peruna has been put to test in

all forms and stages of acute and chronic catarrh no one year has put this remedy to greater test than the past year.

Peruna is the acknowledged catarrh remedy of the age. Dr. Hartman, the compounder of Peruna, has written a book on the phases of catarrh peculiar to women, entitled "Health and Beauty." It will be sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.